SKILLSCOMMONS ACCESSIBILITY CHECKPOINTS

METHODS FOR EVALUATING THE ACCESSIBILITY OF **WORD DOCUMENTS** USING ASSISTIVE TECHNOLOGIES



Methodology

- Designed by
 - •<u>CUDA</u> and <u>CSU-MERLOT</u>
 - In partnership with <u>CAST</u>

•Applied by

•The California State University on the California Open Online Library Project (<u>www.cool4ed.org</u>)

Assistive Technologies Evaluation

Addresses specialized tools such as Kurzweil and NVDA which are not typically available to the general public. Assistive Technologies includes but is not limited to the following:

 Accessibility features of desktop operating systems (e.g. high-contrast display themes, settings from the Keyboard and Mouse control panels)

 Accessibility-related software included with desktop operating systems (e.g. VoiceOver, Microsoft Narrator)

- Third-party accessibility software and hardware:
- Screen readers (e.g. JAWS, Window Eyes)
- •Magnification software (e.g. ZoomText Magnifier/Reader, MAGIC Pro with Speech)
- Reading software for users with learning disabilities (e.g. Read and Write Gold, Kurzweil 3000)
- Refreshable Braille displays

Accessibility Checkpoints

- 1. Accessibility Documentation
- 2. Text Access
- 3. Text Adjustment
- 4. Reading Layout
- 5. Reading Order
- 6. Structural Markup/Navigation
- 7. Tables

- 8. Hyperlinks
- 9. Color and Contrast
- 10. Language
- 11. Images
- 12. Multimedia
- 13. Flickering
- 14. STEM
- 15. Interactive Elements

Accessing WORD documents

STEPS:

- 1. Visit SkillsCommons site at www.skillscommons.org
- 2. Search for and download desired WORD document

Accessing WORD documents

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Accessing WORD documents

STEPS:

2. Search for and download desired WORD document



Click on WORD document to download.

Using the Skills Commons Accessibility Checkpoints

All information obtained from the WORD document evaluation will be entered into the <u>SkillsCommons Accessibility Checkpoints</u> document:



A. Text is compatible with assistive technology.

B. The resource allows the user to adjust the font size and font/background color (or is rendered by an application such as a browser, media player, or reader) that offers this functionality).

Enter info such as the pages you evaluated here as well. Additional Information: Please describe the technologies (hardware and software versions) and methodologies you used to evaluate the accessibility of the resource for this feature.

Pass, Fail, or N/A?

- Evaluate material based on the amount of material included in the checklist.
- If there is no related materials, mark N/A for that checkpoint. The only exception are <u>Acc Documentation</u> and <u>Flickering</u>.





Ratings

• Ratings are on a scale of 1-10



- Failure to meet a checkpoint (Fail) should not be rated above a 7
- Meeting a checkpoint (Pass) should not be rated below a 7

Evaluating Accessibility of WORD documents

WORD Evaluation Requirements

OS

• Windows OS (XP or above)

Require Downloading

- Microsoft Word 2010+
- Color Contrast Analyzer- CCA (Download)
- NVDA (Download)

NVDA

Keep in mind when using NVDA:

- Make sure that NumLock is off and you are in Browse Mode
- Try using only the keyboard.
- For more keyboard shortcut (Click here)

Note The NVDA key is set to the Insert key by default, but it can be changed to the Caps lock key when installing NVDA for the first time. If you want to change your NVDA key preference later, press Ctrl + NVDA + K.

1. Accessibility Documentation

For the contributors organizations, find the following:

- ☑ URL to formal Accessibility Policy
- ☑ URL to accessibility statements
- ☑ URL to Accessibility Evaluation Report

2. Text Access

The text of the digital resource is available to assistive technology that allows the user to enable text-to-speech (TTS) functionality

Text Access

STEPS:

- 1. Download NVDA
- 2. Open the Microsoft Word document
- 3. Activate NVDA
 - (Ctrl + Alt + N)
- 4. Enter NVDA Browse Mode (NVDA + Space)
- 5. Use NVDA to read from top of the page (Numpad +) Use Ctrl to stop

Note: make sure your speaker is on!

3. Text Adjustment (Size)

 $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$ The text allows the user to adjust the font size

3. Text Adjustment (Size) STEPS:

- 1. Open file with Microsoft Word
- 2. Highlight text > use Grow Font or Shrink Font icon in toolbar.



Amount of Material to Be Evaluated
 *** Sample 1 page ***

3. Text Adjustment (Color)

☑ The text allows the user to adjust the font/background color

3. Text Adjustment (Color) STEPS:

- 1. Open file with Microsoft Word
- 2. Highlight text > use Font Color icon in toolbar to check for color adjustment for text font.
- 3. Click on the Page Layout tab > use Page color in toolbar to check for color adjustment for background.

File Home Insert Page Layout References Mailings Review View	File Home Insert Page Layout References Mailings Review View
A Cut Paste ✓ ✓ Format Painter Clipboard ✓	Colors * Argins Orientation Size Columns Columns Indent Space Page Page
Theme Colors	Standard Colors 91
FROM HERN	FROM HERMITS TO HELPERS
Technologi knowledge, an Because the skills and inclinations of these men and women	Technological experts hold More Colors deep knowledge, and wield consider Eill Effects or ill.

Amount of Material to Be Evaluated*** <u>Sample 5 pages</u>***

4. Reading Layout (reflow)

Text of the digital resource is compatible with assistive technology that allows the user to reflow the text by specifying the margins and line spacing

4. Reading Layout (reflow) STEPS:

- 1. Open file with Microsoft Word
- 2. Use Zoom bar (bottom right corner) to zoom in and out to check for reflow.



Amount of Material to Be Evaluated *** Sample 1 page ***

4. Reading Layout (# of pages)

☑ If the digital resource is an electronic alternative to printed materials, the page numbers correspond to the printed material

Compare pages from word to printed materials or PDF version of the document if applicable, sample 3 pages

5. Reading Order

Reading order for digital resource content logically corresponds to the visual layout of the page when rendered by assistive technology

5. Reading Order

STEPS:

- 1. Open file with Microsoft Word
- 2. Locate 5 pages (include page # in the reports) that contains a more complicated layout
- 3. Use NVDA to check if the reading order is logical (please refer to checkpoint #2 for instructions on NVDA)
 <u>** Make sure you are in NVDA Browse Mode</u> (NVDA + Space)
 - Amount of Material to Be Evaluated
 *** Sample 5 pages ***

6. Structural Markup / Navigation

 \square The text of the digital resource includes markup (e.g. tags or styles) that allows for navigation by key structural elements (chapters, headings, pages) using assistive technology

STEPS:

- 1. Open the document with Microsoft Wo and activate NVDA
- 2. Enter NVDA Browse Mode (NVDA + Space)
- Use heading quick keys (H & 1-6) 3. to check for all heading levels

Command	Description				
H	Headings Quick Key				
1-6	Headings level 1-6				
L	List Quick Key				
	List Item Quick Key				

Structural Markup / Navigation

☑ The text of the digital resource includes markup for bullets and numbered lists that is compatible with assistive technology

STEPS:

- 1. Open the document with Microsoft Word and activate NVDA
- 1. Locate a list
- 2. Enter NVDA Browse Mode (NVDA + Space)
- 1. Use List quick keys (L) to check if the program can recognize it as a list.
- ***Repeat the steps for 10 lists***

Headings and Lists

Command	Description				
H	Headings Quick Key				
1-6	Headings level 1-6				
L	List Quick Key				
	List Item Quick Key				

Structural Markup / Navigation

☑ If the text of the digital resource is delivered within an ebook reader application, a method is provided that allows users to bypass the reader interface and move directly to the text content that is compatible with assistive technology

Not using reader application, mark N/A on the reports

7. Tables

- Data tables include markup (e.g. tags or styles) that identifies row and column headers in a manner that is compatible with assistive technology STEPS:
 - 1. Open the document with Microsoft Wo Tables activate NVDA & enter Browse Mode
 - 1. Locate a table
 - 2. Use Table quick keys (T) to check if the program can recognize it as a table, then use other quick keys to check for all cells.
- ***Repeat the steps for 10 tables***

Command	Description		
T	Table Quick Key		
$\fbox{Ctrl} + \fbox{Alt} + \longrightarrow$	Cell to Right		
[Ctrl] + (Alt) + ←	Cell to Left		
Ctrl + Alt + 🜙	Cell Below		
Ctrl + Alt + 亣	Cell Above		

8. Hyperlinks

- Functionality: Links (e.g. website or email addresses) within the text of the digital resource are rendered as active hyperlinks in a manner that allows them to be detected and activated with assistive technology.
- Descriptive: The link is descriptive enough for the users to know where the link will take them. If the link appears as an URL = fail this sub-category.

E.g. <u>CSULB homepage</u> O <u>www.csulb.edu</u> X

☑ Checking for both <u>in-document</u> and <u>live</u> hyperlinks

Hyperlinks

- 1. Open the document with Microsoft Word > activate NVDA & enter Browse Mode
- 2. Locate a few hyperlinks
- 3. Use Links quick keys (TAB or Shift TAB) to check if the program can recognize it as a link, then press enter to see if the link function correctly (take you to the right location)
- 4. Tab through a total of 50 links (30 in-document, 20 live) from different section of the document to check for both <u>functionality</u> and <u>descriptive</u> name.
- *** If nothing happens then the link doesn't work

9. Color & Contrast (Color Redundancy)

☑ Color redundancy (information is not conveyed by color alone) needs to be checked manually

n changes in classrooms has several other effects. One, for example, is that it can tempt teachers to think that what is taught is equivalent to what is learned—even e different. If I assign a reading to my students about the Russian Revolution, it would be nice to assume not only that they have read the same words, but also lear read and learned all of what I assigned; others may have read everything but misunderstood the material or remembered only some of it; and still others, unfortunat firm this picture, if asked confidentially. There are ways, of course, to deal helpfully with such diversity of outcomes; for suggestions, see especially ictional strategies I adopt, they cannot include assuming that what I teach is the same as what students understand or retain of what I teach.

as dependent on sequencing and readiness

veen teaching and learning creates a secondary issue for teachers, that of educational **readiness**. Traditionally the concept referred to students' preparedness to constant school, for example, if he or she was in good health, showed moderately good social skills, could take care of personal physical needs (like eating hunch or preparedness) is a similar set of criteria for determining whether a child is "ready" to learn to read (Copple & Bredekamp, 2006). At older ages (such as in high to take a course in physics, for example, a student must first have certain prerequisite experiences, such as studying advanced algebra or calculus. To begin work to mention also studying educational psychology!).

E.g.
Links are presented with color (blue) and underline.

9. Color & Contrast (Contrast Ratio)

- ☑ The visual presentation of text and images of text in the digital resource has a contrast ratio of at least 4.5:1 (AA)
- ☑ Large text (18 point +) has a contrast ratio of at least 3:1 (AA)



Color & Contrast (Contrast Ratio)

Color Contrast Analyzer (CCA)

- 1. <u>Download Colour</u> <u>Contrast Analyzer</u> <u>Tool</u>
- 2. Open the document you want to evaluate with Adobe Acrobat
- 3. Open the CCA application



Color & Contrast (Contrast Ratio)

- Make sure you are in the **Result --**Luminosity mode.
- 5. Click the **Foreground eye dropper** tool, hover over and click the foreground color to select it.



Color & Contrast (Contrast Ratio)

- 6. Click the **Background eye dropper** tool, hover over and click the background color.
- Determine if the text is greater than 18 points (e.g. Header).

```
Small text: Check under "Text" (AA)
```

Large text (18+): Check under "Large text" (AA)



10. Language

- The text of the digital resource includes markup that declares the language of the content in a manner that is compatible with assistive technology
- If the digital resource includes passages in a foreign language, these passages include markup that declares the language in a manner that is compatible with assistive technology

10. Language STEPS:

1. Locate the document > right click > Properties



10. Language

- 2. Select "Detail" and scroll down until you see "Language"
- 3. Check if the language of the document is indicated next to "Language", if not, mark as failed instead of N/A.



11. Images

- ☑ Non-decorative images have alternative text that is compatible with assistive technology (or is rendered by an application such as a browser, media player, or reader that offers this functionality)
- Decorative images are marked with null alternate text or contain markup that allows them to be ignored by assistive technology
- Complex images, charts, and graphs have longer text descriptions that are compatible with assistive technology

Images STEPS:

- Open the document with Microsoft Word > activate NVDA & enter Browse Mode
- 2. Locate an image
- 3. Use Image quick key (G) or Link quick key (TAB) to check if the program recognize it as an image or link.
- 4. Check if the image have alternative text

<u>Practice and examples</u>***

Images (Additional Manual Check)

- Check manually: Make sure the descriptions for the images are descriptive enough for both non-decorative images and complex images.
- <u>Rule of thumb</u>: if the image cannot be described in one sentence, it's complex!

12. Multimedia

- A synchronized text track (e.g., open or closed captions) is provided with all video content
- ☑ A transcript is provided with all audio content

STEPS:

- 1. Search the entire document for multimedia content
- 2. Search for synchronized text tracks or transcripts

***If there's no multimedia, mark N/A in the reports

12. Multimedia

Audio/video content is delivered via a media player that is compatible with assistive technology

Not using additional assistive tech to open audio/video content, mark N/A in all reports for this sub-category.

12. Multimedia (Synchronized Text)

Find multimedia Search for availability of a text track (e.g., CC)

ALL CONTENT IN "FIRST THINGS FIRST"

First things first

New to art? This is a good place to start. Art gives us access to the way people at different moments in history have understood the world. Jump in and explore!

9	Cave painting, contemporary art and everything in between	Why look at art?	
\odot	Why look at art?		14
0	A brief history of Western culture	AN AL	the second s
0	Common questions about dates		
Ø	A brief history of representing of the body in Western sculpture		Jen C
Ø	A brief history of representing the body in Western painting	A COLOBE COLOR	
0	What made art valuable-then and now		
0	What maps tell us	But maybe sometimes art is	
Ø	The skill of describing	everywhere, in the street,	0 @ \$ []

12. Multimedia (Transcript)

- 1. Find multimedia
- 2. Search for availability of a transcript





proressional, and Da vid Torgersen whose voices and insights are included here Share - 🚯 Info Options •

12. Multimedia (Transcript)

Why look at art? This was the question we posed to several of our colleagues at a conference for museum professionals. Special thanks to Laura Mann, Anna Velez, an anonymous professional, and David Torgersen whose voices and insights are included here.

🔅 Options 👻 🕝 Share 👻 🚯 Info

0:00 [MUSIC PLAYING]

- 0:05 SPEAKER 1: I think it's important
- 0:07 that people look at art because we live in a visual world.
- 0:11 And understanding, and looking at,
- 0:14 and thinking about the way images
- 0:16 communicate in all kinds of ways is important to being alive
- 0:21 today.
- 0:22 SPEAKER 2: If one has heightened visual acumen, which
- 0:26 you get from spending time looking at things, whether it's

13. Flickering

Resources should not contain anything that flashes more than <u>three times in any one-second period</u>

Note: No examples have been found for this format

If there is no flickering = Pass this checkpoint

14. STEM

STEM: Science, Technology, Engineering, and Math

- STEM content is marked up in a manner that is compatible with assistive technology
- ☑ The resource conveys both the notation (presentation) and meaning (semantics) of the STEM content
- ☑ Including but not limited to:
 - •Figures
 - •Graphs
 - Tables
 - Equations

13. STEM STEPS:

- Open the document with Microsoft Word > activate NVDA & enter Browse Mode
- 2. Locate a STEM content
- 3. Select the sentence right before the content
- 4. Use Numpad + to start reading at current location
- 5. Check if the reader reads the content correctly

Reading Text

Command	Description
← or Numpad 1	Say Prior Character
\rightarrow or Numpad 3	Say Next Character
Numpad 2	Say Current Character
Numpad 5	Say Word
Numpad 5 twice quickly	Spell Word
Ctrl) + ← or Numpad 4	Say Prior Word
\mathbf{Ctrl} + \rightarrow or Numpad 6	Say Next Word
1 or Numpad 7	Say Prior Line
↓ or Numpad 9	Say Next Line
(NVDA) + ↑ or Numpad 8	Say Current Line
(NVDA) + () twice quickly	Spell Current Line
(NVDA) + () or Numpad +	Read all starting at current position
Shift + Numpad 7	Top line
Shift + Numpad 9	Bottom Line
Shift + Numpad 1	Start of Line
Shift + Numpad 3	End of Line

STEM

If the image itself does not contain an Alt tag but the content/text around it does have a notation (presentation) and meaning (semantics) of the STEM content with good description then we may PASS it with a note included.



Figure 1.15 Biologists may choose to study *Escherichia coli* (*E. coli*), a bacterium that is a normal resident of our digestive tracts but which is also sometimes responsible for disease outbreaks. In this micrograph, the bacterium is visualized using a scanning electron microscope and digital colorization. (credit: Eric Erbe; digital colorization by Christopher Pooley, USDA-ARS)

STEM

Successive Ionization Energies (kJ/mol)

	Na	Mg	Al	Si	Р	s	Cl	Ar
IE_1	496	738	578	787	1012	1000	1251	1520
IE_2	4562	1451	1817	1577	1903	2251	2297	2665
IE_3	6912	7733	2745	3231	2912	3361	3822	3931
IE_4	9543	10540	11575	4356	4956	4564	5158	5770
IE_5	13353	13630	14830	16091	6273	7013	6542	7238
IE_6	16610	17995	18376	19784	22233	8495	9458	8781
IE_7	20114	21703	23293	23783	25397	27106	11020	11995





Labels, descriptions, or tags should be descriptive

STEM

• Amount of Material to Be Evaluated

For BOTH Markup and Notation, find:

10 figures10 graphs10 equations10 tables

As Applicable: If there is no STEM content, mark N/A on the report

15. Interactive Elements

☑ Keyboard

Interactive elements allow for keyboard-only operation WITH and WITHOUT assistive tech

STEPS:

- 1. Use the <u>TAB</u> key to navigate the menu
- Items that are selected will have a box around the link
 Use the <u>ENTER</u> key to select a link or other item

***As Applicable:

If there is no Interactive Elements, mark N/A on the report***

Interactive Elements

☑ Markup

Each interactive element conveys information to assistive technology regarding the element's ☑name ☑type ☑status

***As Applicable:

If there is no Interactive Elements, mark N/A on the report***

Interactive Elements

Text prompts
 The following are conveyed with assistive technology:
 Instructions
 Prompts
 Error messages

***As Applicable:

If there is no Interactive Elements, mark N/A on the report***

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This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License. This workforce solution was created through a cooperative agreement between the U.S. Department of Labor's Employment and Training Administration and the California State University-Multimedia Educational Resource for Learning and Online Teaching (MERLOT).